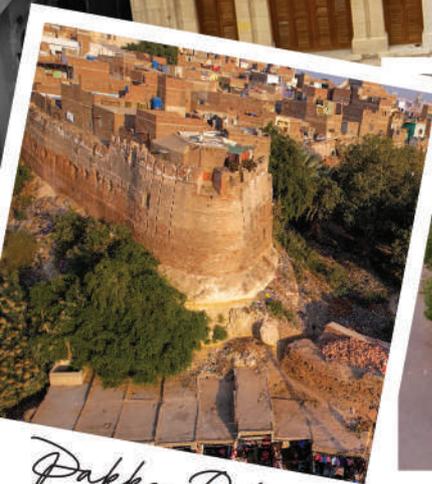
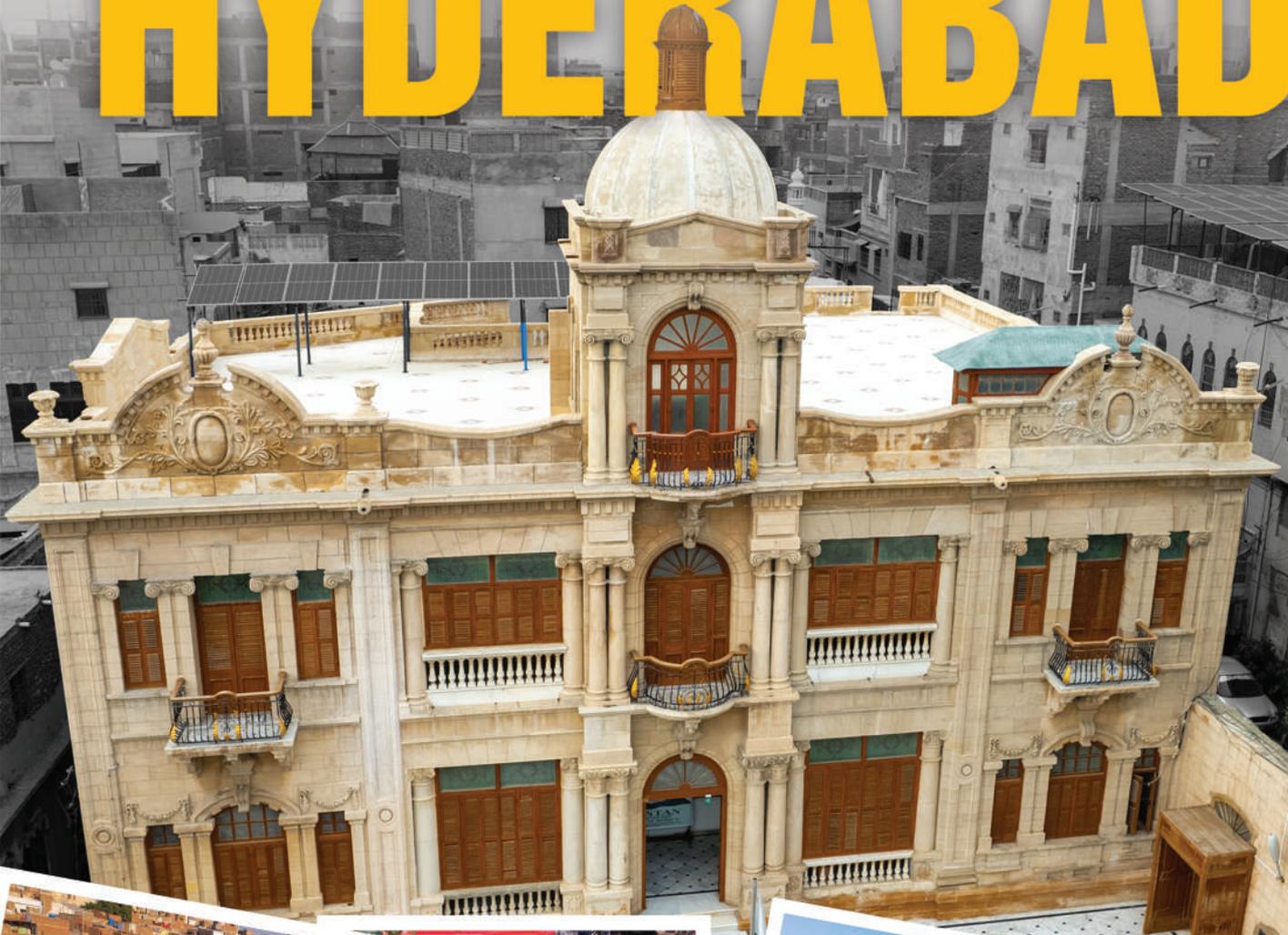


The city of Winds  
**HYDERABAD**



*Pakka Dila*



*Hyder Chowk*



*Tower Market*



*City Gate*



**HYDERABAD MUNICIPAL CORPORATION**

# Welcome to Hyderabad



## The Historic Evolution of Hyderabad, Sindh: A City Steeped in Legacy and Progress

Hyderabad, Sindh, stands as a vibrant testament to the rich history that has shaped the region over centuries, intricately woven into the political, cultural, and economic transformations of Sindh and the broader Indian subcontinent. The city's roots trace back to the ancient civilizations that once flourished here, particularly the Indus Valley Civilization (circa 3300-1300 BCE). Nearby lies Mohenjo-Daro, a world-renowned archaeological site that underscores Sindh's early contributions to urban development and its trade connections with distant civilizations like Mesopotamia.

The Islamic conquest of Sindh in 711 CE by Muhammad bin Qasim marked a pivotal moment, integrating the region into the Umayyad Caliphate and heralding a long era of Islamic governance. Over the centuries, various dynasties, including the Ghaznavids, Ghurids, and the Delhi Sultanate, left indelible marks on Sindh's culture, shaping the unique Islamic heritage it proudly embraces today.

Hyderabad itself was founded in 1768 by Mian Ghulam Shah Kalhoro, the ruler of the Kalhora dynasty. In his quest to establish a new capital, he chose a strategic location along the banks of the Indus River, initially naming the settlement Neroon Kot. This name would eventually evolve into Hyderabad, inspired by the renowned city in the Deccan. Under Kalhoro's leadership, the city flourished with bustling bazaars, grand mosques, and formidable fortifications like Pucca Qila (The Fort), which became the political and military heart of the Kalhora reign, reflecting the vibrancy and resilience of its people.

In 1783, the Talpur Mirs, a prominent Baloch family, took control of Sindh, ushering in a transformative era for Hyderabad. Under their rule, the city's defenses were further strengthened with the construction of Pucca Qila (The Strong Fort) and Kacha Qila (The Mud Fort). The Talpur period is celebrated for its architectural achievements, including the construction of palaces, tombs, and mosques that enriched Hyderabad's cultural heritage and distinct character.

Today, Hyderabad continues to evolve, embracing both its storied past and its role as a modern urban center. The city preserves its historical charm through unique architecture and heritage sites while facing the challenges of rapid urbanization. Efforts are underway to modernize infrastructure, enhance sanitation, and restore green spaces, all part of a vision to make Hyderabad a symbol of urban renewal and civic pride. Its rich history provides a foundation for new aspirations of sustainable development and transparent governance, positioning Hyderabad as a dynamic, forward-looking metropolis in Pakistan.

# HYDERABAD

*The city of Winds*

*Kashif a. shoro*

**KASHIF ALI SHORO**  
THE VISIONERY  
MAYOR

HYDERBAD  
MUNICIPAL  
CORPORATION



# VISION STATEMENT

As Mayor of Hyderabad, my vision is to transform our city into a model of urban development, cleanliness, and civic pride. I am dedicated to overcoming challenges and strategically using our resources to create a more livable, beautiful, and prosperous Hyderabad for all its citizens.

Our focus is on comprehensive urban renewal, including improved sanitation, modernized infrastructure, enhanced green spaces, and revitalized public facilities. We aim to restore Hyderabad's glory by repairing roads, upgrading street lighting, rehabilitating iconic locations like Niaz Stadium, and beautifying our parks and roundabouts.

Despite the challenges, we will persist in our efforts to make Hyderabad a city that sets new standards in municipal governance, environmental sustainability, and quality of life. Our goal is to create a city that not only meets the needs of its residents but also attracts visitors and investors, positioning Hyderabad as a beacon of progress in Pakistan.

Through transparent governance, efficient resource management, and active citizen participation, we will build a Hyderabad that future generations will be proud to inherit—a city that honors its rich heritage while embracing a bright, modern future. We strive not just for growth, but for greatness, creating a city that nurtures the well-being, aspirations, and dignity of every citizen.



We are embarking on an inspiring journey to transform Hyderabad into a beacon of progress, pride, and prosperity. Our vision centers on elevating sanitation standards, modernizing infrastructure, and revitalizing public spaces to enrich the quality of life for all residents. Together, we will restore the city's legacy, making Hyderabad a model of transparent governance and environmental sustainability. With your support, we will create a brighter, cleaner, and more livable Hyderabad that respects its heritage while embracing an exciting, vibrant future. This is our Hyderabad—let's make it extraordinary, one step at a time.

**KASHIF ALI SHORO**  
MAYOR HYDERABAD

## BRIEF

As Mayor of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation since June 19, 2023, I have faced numerous challenges in serving our community. One of my first major tasks was addressing sanitation issues during Eid ul Adha 1444 A.H/2023, a festival known for cleanliness challenges due to animal sacrifices. In collaboration with the Sindh Solid Waste Management Board (SSWMB), we organized an extensive cleaning operation. Hyderabad was thoroughly cleaned, and residents noticed a significant improvement compared to previous years, with no visible animal remains or waste, even on the first day of Eid ul Adha.

Following this, I addressed the challenges of the monsoon season by prioritizing the clearing of storm drains, or nalahs, totaling 19.75 km. This task was critical, as many of these drains had been neglected for years. Despite limitations on development work imposed by the Election Commission of Pakistan due to the 2023 General Election, which temporarily restricted local elected officials from approving or distributing funds, I initiated a project to improve key city entrances and exits. This included a civil works project targeting repairs across 52 road areas, with a budget allocation of 423 million rupees. Additionally, 183 million PKR was allocated for other essential civil development projects.

Under my direction, the Mechanical & Electrical Department of HMC made significant progress in repairing and restoring streetlights. With an NIT of 198 million PKR, new lights were installed in numerous areas, and streetlights were repaired and restored in time for important religious events, such as Shab-e-Barat, Rabi ul Awal, and Muharram.

This ongoing work reflects our commitment to making Hyderabad a city of progress, pride, and prosperity, enhancing the quality of life for all residents.





One of my key projects is the rehabilitation of Niaz Stadium. I am committed to upgrading it to international standards, with the goal of bringing international cricket back to Hyderabad, which would greatly boost the city's profile and economy. I have also prioritized environmental concerns by initiating a tree plantation drive along the medians of major city roads. Furthermore, 248 million PKR has been allocated for the repair and renovation of parks across Hyderabad, along with the beautification of roundabouts to enhance the city's urban landscape.

To strengthen the city's administrative capacity, I approved the hiring of 52 trainee officers (Municipal Officers/Town Officers) who successfully passed the Sindh Public Service Commission exams, despite financial constraints. When I assumed the role of Mayor of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation, the financial situation was challenging. We faced substantial liabilities, including 3,600 million rupees owed to contractors and 4,200 million rupees in pensions for retired HMC employees. Additionally, HMC bore the responsibility of paying pensions for the defunct councils, such as the District Council, Municipal Committee Qasimabad, and Municipal Committee Tando Jam. By the grace of Allah (swt), we have managed to clear 170 million rupees out of the total 7,300 million rupees owed to pensioners.

In conclusion, despite numerous challenges in my first year, I have taken a proactive and multifaceted approach to urban management. My initiatives span key areas such as sanitation, infrastructure development, administrative reform, sports facility enhancement, and environmental improvements. While some projects are still in their early stages and budgets for certain initiatives have yet to be finalized, the overall direction is promising for Hyderabad's future development.





Urban development  
is about creating  
a future for the people,  
for the city, and for  
generations to come.

*Kashif Ali Shoro*

# DEVELOPMENT WORK

*By Hyderabad Municipal Corporation*



# STREET LIGHT WORK

## ALAMDAR CHOWK



## LATIFABAD



## PARETABAD AND PAKKA QILA



# OLD NATIONAL HIGHWAY

*Italanaka Road*





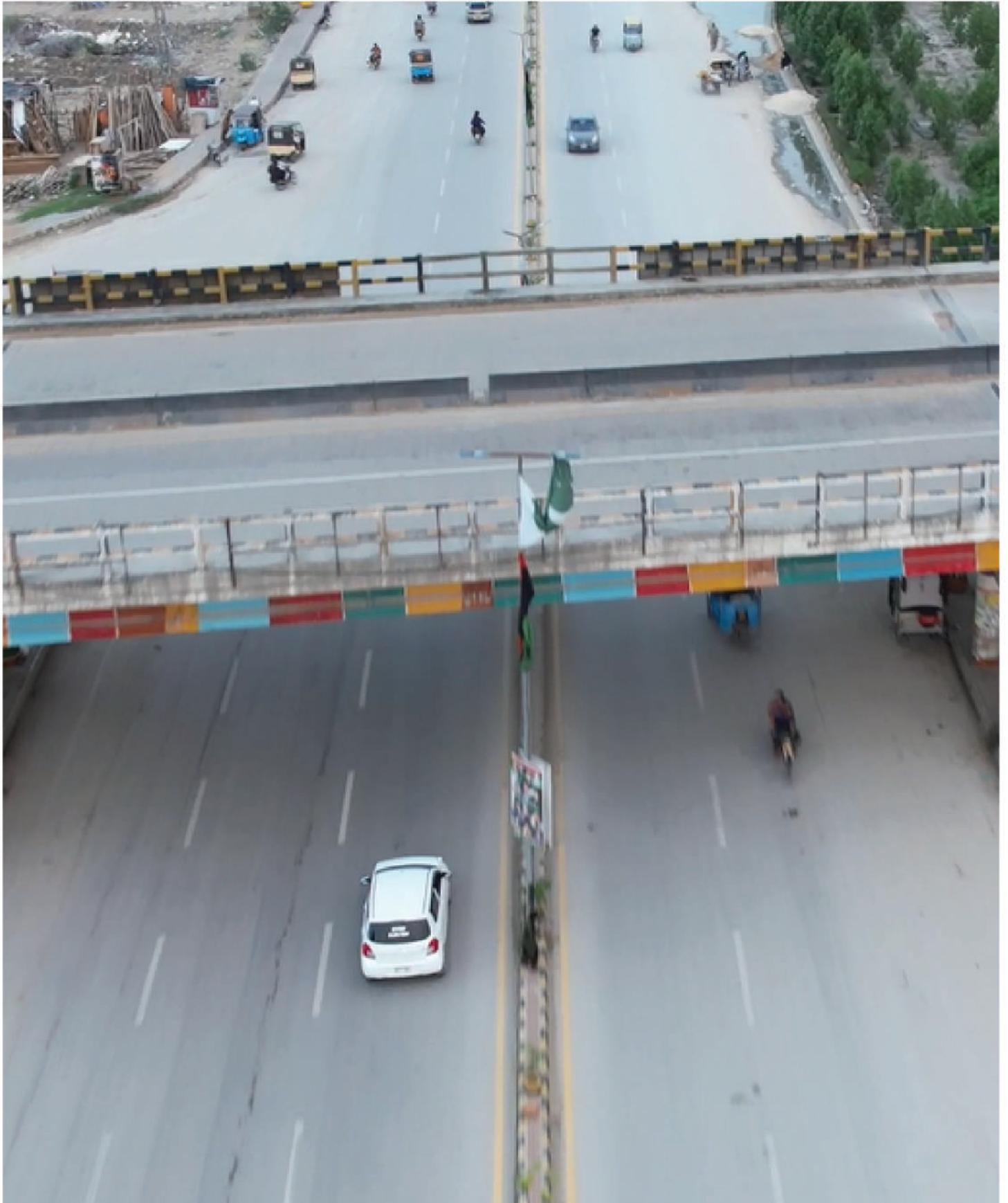
# DEVELOPMENT WORK

## *Halanaka Road*



# JAMSHORO ROAD

*Towards Dasim Chowk*





# DEVELOPMENT WORK

*Jamshoro Road*



# OLD WAHDAT COLONY

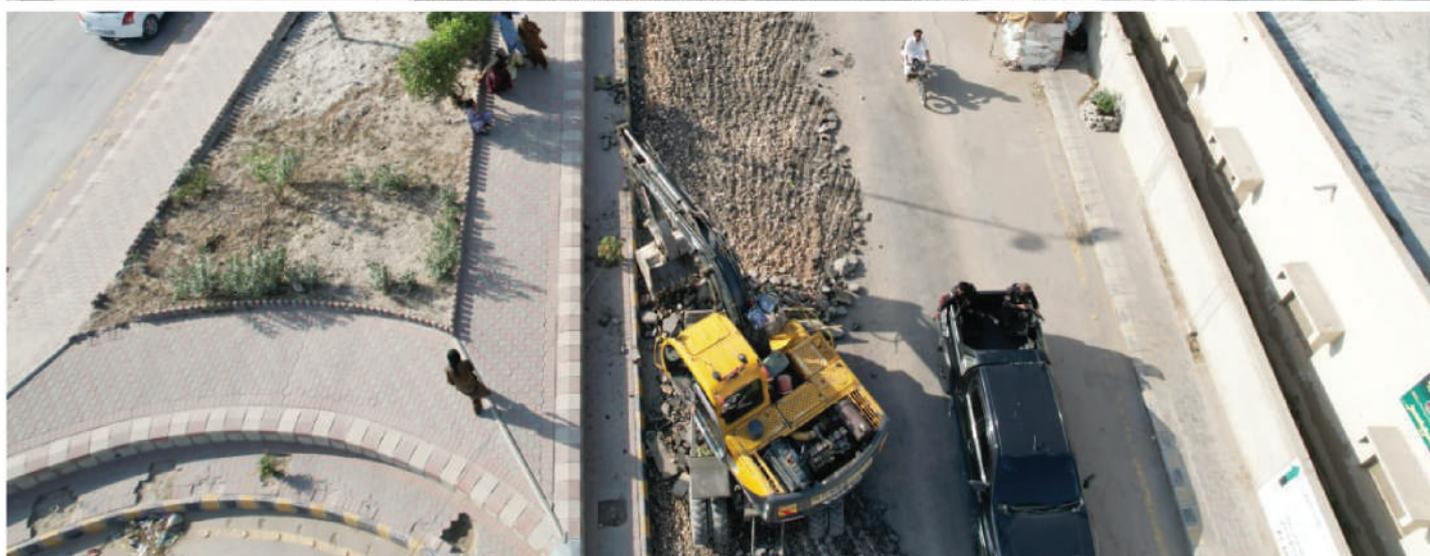
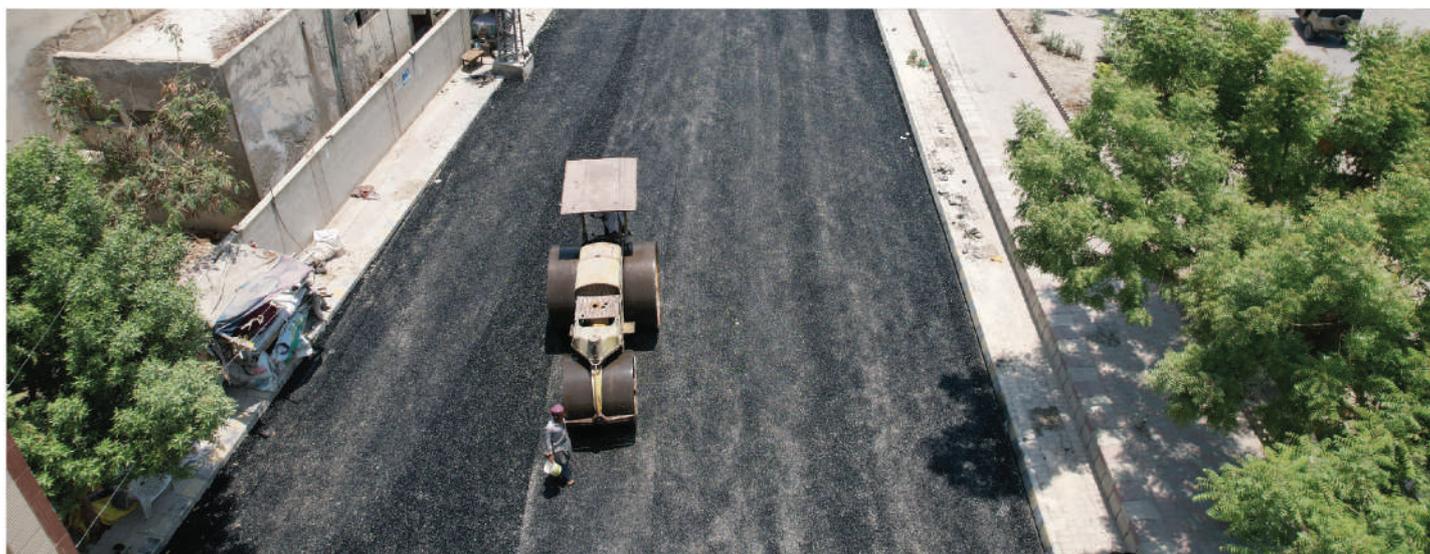
*Towards Giddu Chowk*



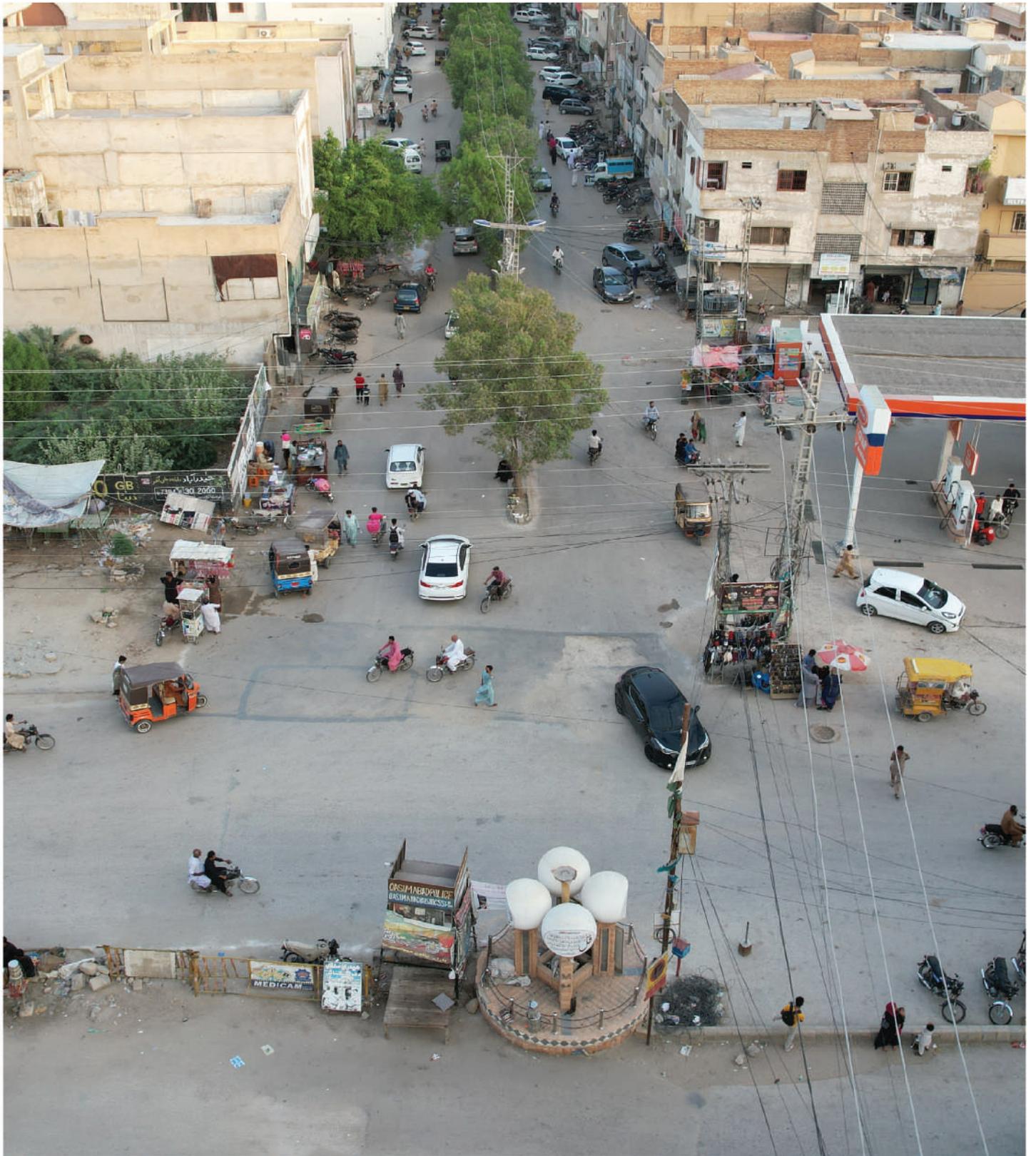


# DEVELOPMENT WORK

*Old Wehdat Colony*



# ALI PALACE CHOWK





# DEVELOPMENT WORK

*Ali Palace Road*



# NATIONAL HIGHWAY

*Towards Karachi*





# NATIONAL HIGHWAY

*Towards Punjab*



# DEVELOPMENT WORK

## *Station Road*





# PUBLIC WELFARE

## *Lakha Dins Goth*



# NIAZ STADIUM (BEFORE)





# NIAZ STADIUM (AFTER)



# NIAZ STADIUM

The Mayor of Hyderabad, Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, has embraced the challenge of restoring and revitalizing Niaz Stadium, which last hosted an international cricket match—a One Day International (ODI)—in 1998. Over the years, the stadium has fallen into neglect, with no major events held. The Mayor envisions bringing international cricket back to Hyderabad, transforming Niaz Stadium into a premier destination for the sport once again. This ambitious project seeks to not only restore the stadium's former glory but also elevate Hyderabad's standing on the global sports stage.





A leader is one  
who knows the way,  
goes the way,  
and shows the way.

# MAYOR HYDERABAD ACTIVITIES

*Kashif Ali shoro*



# INTRODUCTORY MEETING WITH HDA AND WASA OFFICIALS

21<sup>st</sup> June 2023



While presiding over the first introductory meeting with Hyderabad Municipal Corporation , HDA and WASA officials , Mr . Kashif Ali Shoro , Mayor Hyderabad directed the officials concerned to finalize the arrangements for the upcoming monsoon rains in advance so that the citizens of Hyderabad do not face any problem.

# FIRST INTRODUCTORY MEETING WITH SINDH SOLID WASTE MANAGEMENT BOARD

*23rd June 2023*



Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, the esteemed Mayor of Hyderabad, held a meeting with the Sindh Solid Waste Management Board to review the strategy for animal waste disposal in Hyderabad during Eid ul-Adha. It was decided that 12 waste collection points and public complaint redressal camps would be set up across the city. The collected animal waste would then be disposed of at the Mulaakatiyar and Mehr Ali landfill sites.



# BUDGET SESSION FOR 2023-24

11th July 2023



Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, the Mayor Hyderabad, presided over the historic introductory and financial year budget session for 2023-24 of the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation. He expressed gratitude to his party leadership and the people of Hyderabad for this great honor.

# PLANTATION

As per the vision of Mayor Hyderabad, it is decided to make the city and its periphery climate resilient and more attractive for this reason Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro took vow to plant 100,000 sapling so that in future Hyderabad will be more green. Some picture are illustrated below



## SHEIKH AYAZ ROAD



## ALAMDAR CHOWK



## JAMSHORO ROAD

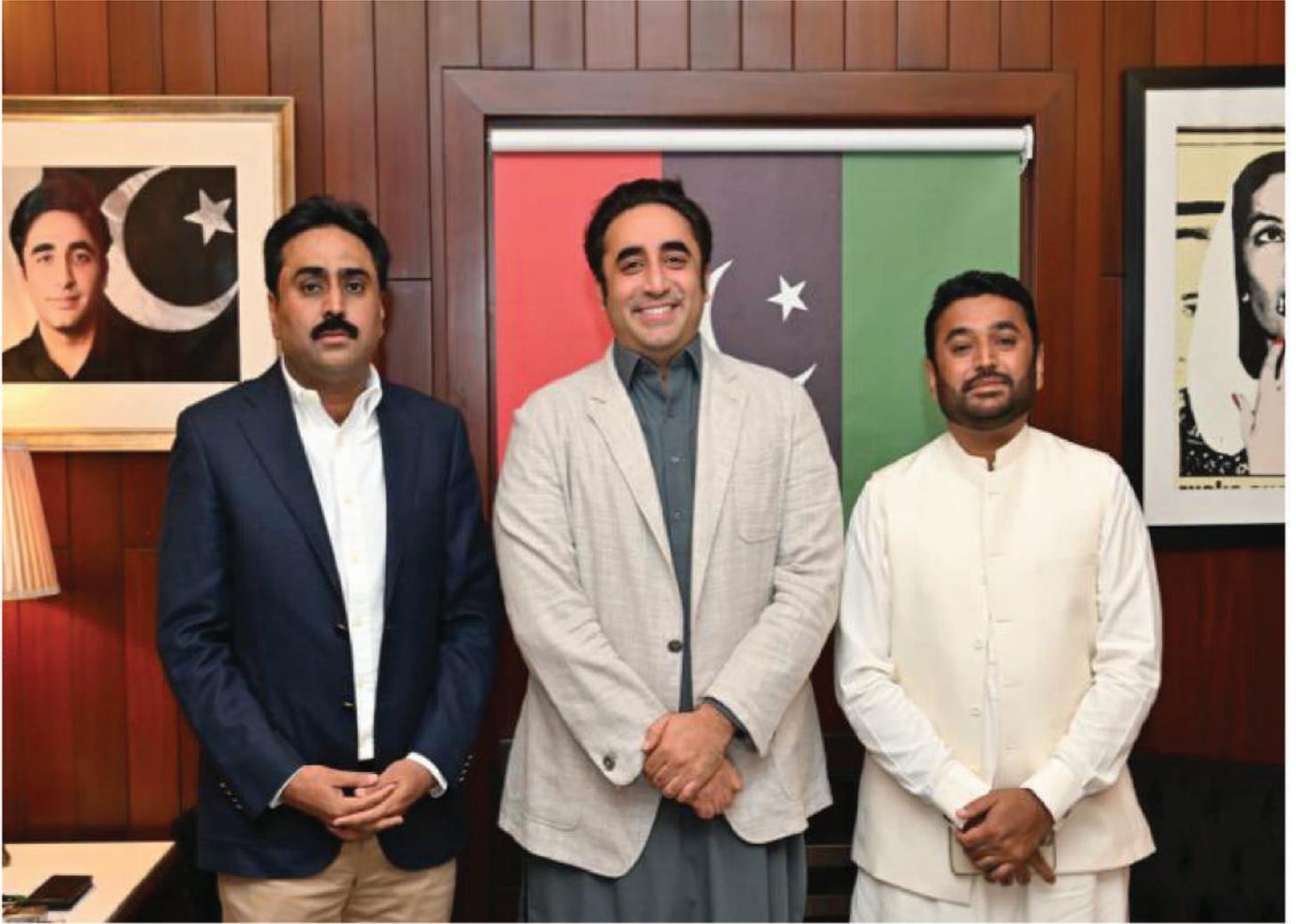


# INDEPENDENCE DAY

14<sup>th</sup> August 2023



The Mayor of Hyderabad, Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, celebrated Independence Day alongside the Commissioner of Hyderabad Division, the Deputy Inspector General, and the Deputy Commissioner of Hyderabad. Pakistan's flag was hoisted at the Mayor's main secretariat at Civic Center, Thandi Sarak.



## MET WITH HONOURABLE CHAIRMAN BILAWAL BHUTTOZARDARI

*22<sup>nd</sup> August 2023*



Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, Mayor of Hyderabad, met with the Honourable Chairman Bilawal Bhutto Zardari to brief him on the issues and development projects in District Hyderabad. He expressed his gratitude to Chairman Bilawal Bhutto Zardari for his continued support.



# DEFENCE DAY

6<sup>th</sup> September 2023



The Worthy Mayor, Hyderabad, Attended Defence Day Celebrations at Garrison Sports Complex Cantt, Hyderabad.

The Mayor Hyderabad paid the homage and laid the wreath at Yadgar-e-Shuhada, Jinnah Park Cantt Hyderabad.



# INAUGURATING 6 MGD HUSSAINABAD WATER FILTER PLANT

10<sup>th</sup> September 2023



Kashif Ali Shoro, Mayor Hyderabad, along with Chairman Pakistan People's Party, Mr. Bilawal Bhutto Zardari, inaugurated the 6 MGD Hussainabad Water Filter Plant which will provide clean drinking water to the people of Town Municipal Corporation Hussainabad, Shah Latifabad, and Qasimabad. Under the vision of the PPP leadership, a network of development works was planned to implement across Hyderabad city.



# MEETING WITH CONSULATE GENERAL OF GERMANY RUDIGER LOTZ

*23<sup>rd</sup> October 2023*

The Mayor Of Hyderabad meet with Rudiger Lotz, Consulate General of Germany in Karachi, along with Dr. Junaid Shah, caretaker minister for sports and culture of sindh, and other dignitaries at mehran arts council Hyderabad.





# ATTENDED A JOINT MEETING CHAIRD BY CARETAKER CHIEF MINISTER SINDH

*28<sup>th</sup> November 2023*



The Mayor of Hyderabad , Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, attended a joint meeting chaired by the Caretaker Sindh Chief Minister , Justice (Retired ) Maqbool Baqar . The meeting was held at Shahbaz Hall in Hyderabad and included the Commissioner of Hyderabad , Deputy Commissioner of Hyderabad , representatives from the Water and Sanitation Agency (WASA ) , Hyderabad Development Authority (HDA ) , Chamber of Small Traders & Industry , Association of Builders and Developers (ABAD), and members of the Hyderabad business community.



## CHAired THE SECOND HMC COUNCIL SESSION TODAY

*29<sup>th</sup> January 2024*

Mayor Hyderabad, Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro chaired the second HMC council session, where key agendas were approved: a road maintenance tender, the rehabilitation of Rani Bagh and Badin Bus Stop on a PPP model, the appointment of enforcement inspectors, and pivotal budget revisions for 2023-2024.





## **MET WITH THE COMMERCIAL ATTACHE OF JAPAN, MR. KAZUNORI MATSUDA**

*5<sup>th</sup> March 2024*

Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, Mayor of Hyderabad, met with the Commercial Attache of Japan, Mr. Kazunori Matsuda, to discuss the economic environment and investment opportunities. Chairman TMCs, Representatives from Chambers, and the MC of HMC were also present at the meeting in Hyderabad.



## ATTENDED THE MEETING OF PROVINCIAL STEERING COMMITTEE

*29<sup>th</sup> March 2024*

Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, Mayor of Hyderabad, attended the meeting of the Provincial Steering Committee for the Sindh Solid Waste Management Board, chaired by Minister LG & HTP Saeed Ghani. Discussions were held regarding the establishment of the Sindh Solid Waste Management divisional board.



# ATTENDED THE MEETING CHAIRED BY PROVINCIAL MINISTER

17<sup>th</sup> April 2024



Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, Mayor of Hyderabad, attended a meeting chaired by Provincial Minister for Irrigation & Food Sindh, Jam Khan Shoro. The meeting focused on discussing the improvement and rehabilitation works of AKRAM WAH CANAL and was attended by Task Team Leader from the World Bank, Francois Onimus, Water Expert Ms. Tiziana Smith, Secretary Irrigation Zarif Iqbal Khero, MD SIDA Pritam Das, Chairman TMCs, and officials from the Irrigation Department.

# MEETING THE US CONSUL GENERAL, MR. CONRAD TRIBBLE

*22nd April 2024*



The Mayor of Hyderabad, Mr. Kashif Ali Shoro, had the honor of meeting with the U.S. Consul General, Mr. Conrad Tribble. Their discussion covered key issues, including clean water supply, renewable energy, population growth, and various other long-standing challenges facing Hyderabad.



## ATTENDED THE INTERACTIVE SESSION WITH C.M SINDH REGARDING THE DEVELOPMENT BUDGET PROPOSALS FROM PARTY WORKERS AND ELECTED REPRESENTATIVES.

12<sup>th</sup> May 2024



A meeting of the Hyderabad Division, presided over by Chief Minister Sindh Syed Murad Ali Shah, was held at the Global Palace Banquet Hall, Hyderabad, to gather development budget proposals from party workers and elected representatives of the Hyderabad Division.

# CYLINDER BLAST IN PARETABAD HYDERABAD, WAS A SERIOUS INCIDENT THAT RAISED CONCERNS ABOUT SAFETY AND EMERGENCY RESPONSE





# DISTRIBUTED CHEQUES AMONG THE VICTIMS OF PRETABAD CYLINDER BLAST EXPLOSION

24<sup>th</sup> June 2024



Distributed cheques among the victims of pretabad cylinder explosion, May Allah Almighty grant individuals in highest place in Jannat Firdous and grant the injured persons a speedy recovery.

# ATTENDED THE UNITED STATES INDEPENDENCE DAY

Upon invitation from Consul General Conrad Tribble, Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro attended the United States Independence Day festivities at the US Consulate in Karachi.

*3rd July 2024*





4<sup>th</sup> July 2024



Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro chaired a meeting to discuss preparations for Muharram-ul-Haram, stressing the importance of cleanliness, proper lighting, and ensuring overall safety during religious processions and gatherings. The meeting specifically addressed road repairs, sanitation efforts, and streetlight functionality.

# CHAIRD INAUGURAL MEETING OF HW & SC HELD IN KARACHI ALONGWITH ADDITIONAL CHIEF SECRETARY, LG & HTP DEPT

29<sup>th</sup> July 2024



Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro convened the inaugural board meeting of the Hyderabad Water and Sewerage Corporation. The meeting brought together key stakeholders to discuss comprehensive strategies for improving the city's water supply and sewerage infrastructure.



31<sup>st</sup> July 2024



Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro presided over the Hyderabad Municipal Corporation council meeting on July, 31<sup>st</sup>. 2024. The primary focus of the session was the presentation and subsequent approval of the budget for the fiscal year 2024-2025.

This comprehensive financial plan outlines the corporation's strategic expenditures and revenue generation initiatives for the upcoming year, directly impacting the delivery of essential city services.

# RAIN EMERGENCY MEETINGS

3<sup>rd</sup> August 2024



Sindh Local Government Minister, Saeed Ghani and Irrigation & Food Minister, Jam Khan Shoro held a meeting with district administration Hyderabad to discuss rain emergency preparedness. Among the dignitaries were Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro, DC Hyderabad, officials from HESCO, HMC, PHED, and the irrigation department.



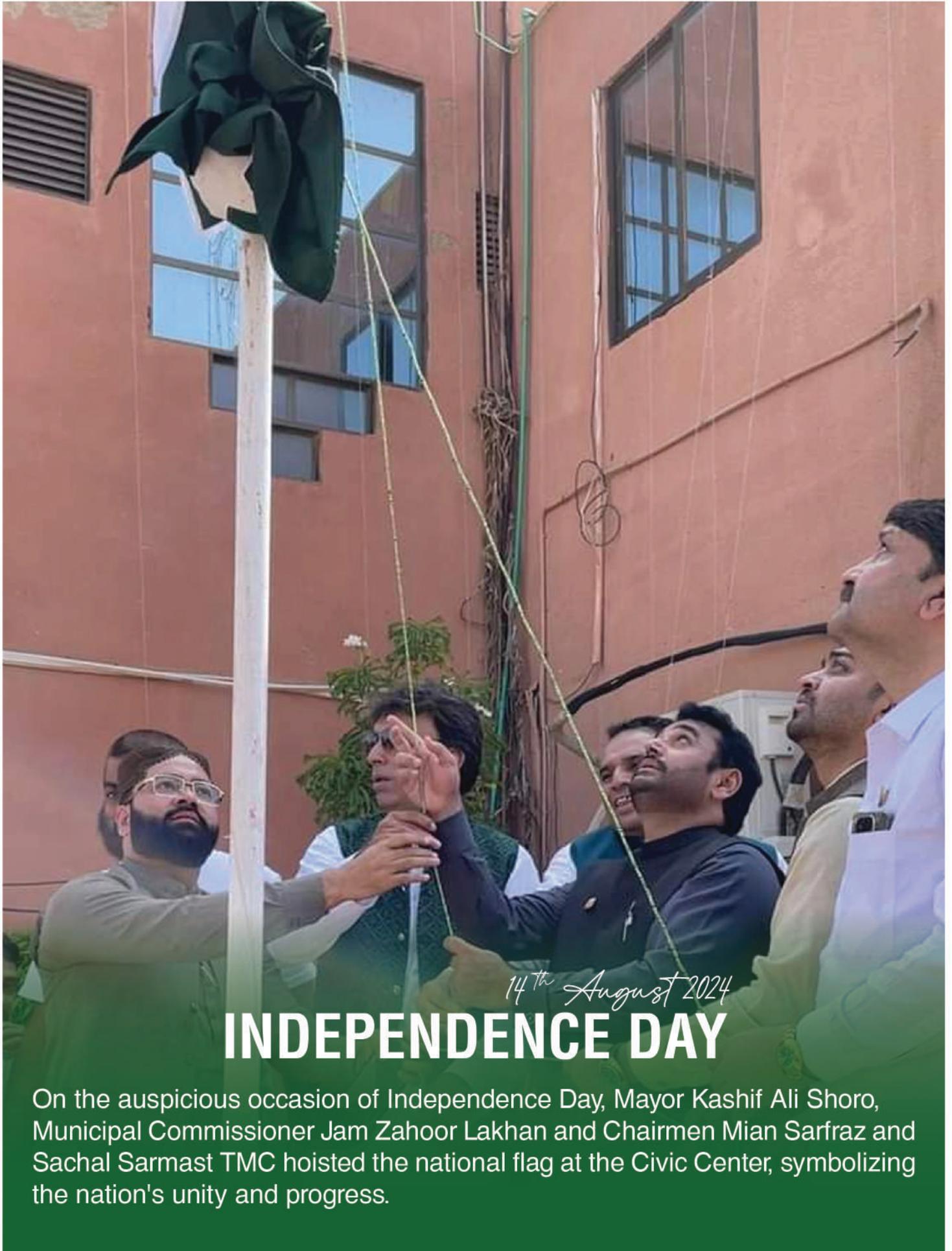
# INDEPENDENCE DAY

14<sup>th</sup> August 2024



Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro presided over a patriotic Independence Day celebration at the Circuit House, where he hoisted the national flag to commemorate the nation's freedom and progress. The event was attended by a distinguished group of officials, including the Commissioner, DIG, DC, SSP, TMC Chairmen, and representatives from various District Administration and Municipal Departments.





*14<sup>th</sup> August 2024*

## **INDEPENDENCE DAY**

On the auspicious occasion of Independence Day, Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro, Municipal Commissioner Jam Zahoor Lakhan and Chairmen Mian Sarfraz and Sachal Sarmast TMC hoisted the national flag at the Civic Center, symbolizing the nation's unity and progress.

# INDEPENDENCE DAY



14<sup>th</sup> August 2024



Mayor Kashif Ali Shoro hosted a magnificent Independence Day celebration at the Civic Center. The event was a dazzling spectacle, culminating in a breathtaking fireworks display that lit up the night sky. Citizens from all walks of life enthusiastically participated in the festivities, expressing their patriotism and pride in their nation.



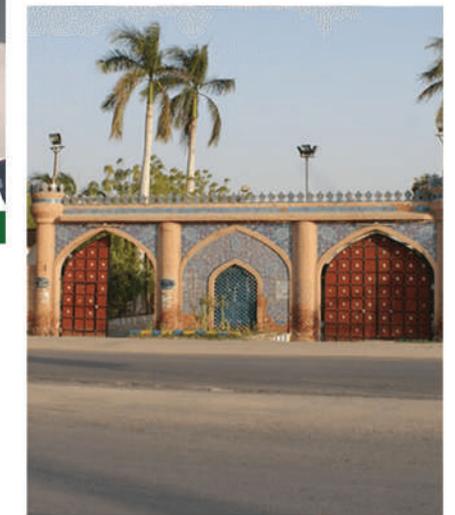
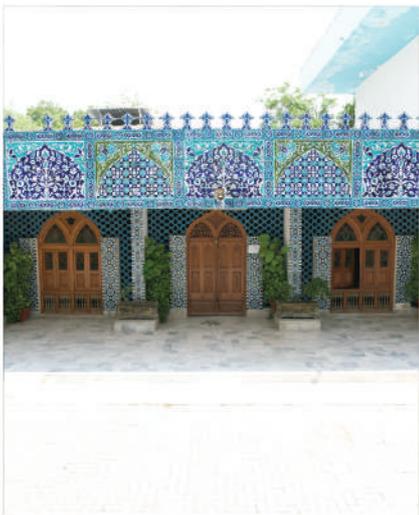
# WOMEN CRICKET TOURNAMENT #DEFENCE DAY

06<sup>th</sup> October 2024

On September 6, 2024, in honor of Defense Day, HMC organized a special women's cricket match at Niaz Stadium, Hyderabad. The event celebrated the spirit of national defense while showcasing the strength and talent of our women cricketers.



**Discovering the Charm of Hyderabad's Iconic Touring Spots** Hyderabad, a city rich in history and culture, offers an array of captivating destinations that reflect its unique heritage. From lush green parks to iconic landmarks, Hyderabad is home to many touring spots that attract both locals and visitors alike. In this section, we present a visual journey through some of the city's most beloved sites, each with its own story to tell.



# SINDH MUSEUM

The Sindh Museum was established in 1971 by the Government of Sindh. The purpose behind its creation was to preserve and showcase the ancient and modern cultural heritage of Sindh. It is located in the city of Hyderabad, which has historically been a center of Sindhi culture and intellectual life.

The museum is a key attraction for tourists, historians, and students, particularly those interested in Sindh's rich cultural tapestry. It remains an important stop for those visiting Hyderabad and offers a deep dive into the history and traditions of the region.

# SINDH MUSEUM





## MIR TOMB

The Tombs of Talpur Mirs are a complex of tombs of the ruling Talpur Mirs of Sindh who reigned from 1784 to 1843. The tombs are also known as Cubbas (the Sindhi word for tombs). These tombs are located in Hiraabad, Hyderabad in the Sindh province of Pakistan.

In the southern group of tombs, two principal mausoleums that are nearest the entrance on the east and immediately behind it, contain the graves of four Mirs, while the rest are occupied by their wives and children.

During Talpur rule over Sindh, Mir Fateh Ali Khan left Khudabad and moved his capital to Hyderabad in 1789. He used the Hyderabad Fort as a residence and a place in which to hold his court. He added a harem and other buildings to accommodate the ruling family. To enable residents to fulfill their religious obligations, he commissioned the construction of mosques. During this period, the fort was surrounded by working-class homes. After defeating the Mirs in the Battle of Miani in 1843, the British occupied the fort. Blasts in the fort, later on, destroyed most of the architecture and houses of the public. In 1857, the British razed the remaining edifice to make room for military installation and stores.



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## TOWER MARKET

The Market Tower holds significant historical value as a symbol of Hyderabad's colonial past. It reflects the city's development during the British era and its role as a key administrative and commercial center.

The Market Tower, or Ghanta Ghar, is a significant historical and architectural monument in Hyderabad. It stands as a testament to the city's colonial past and its development during a transformative period in its history. The tower continues to be an important part of Hyderabad's heritage, representing both the city's historical significance and its architectural legacy.

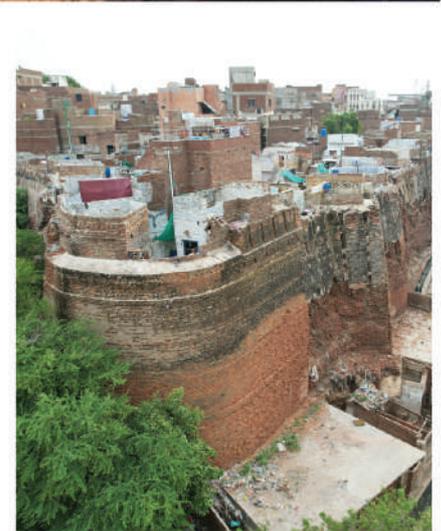
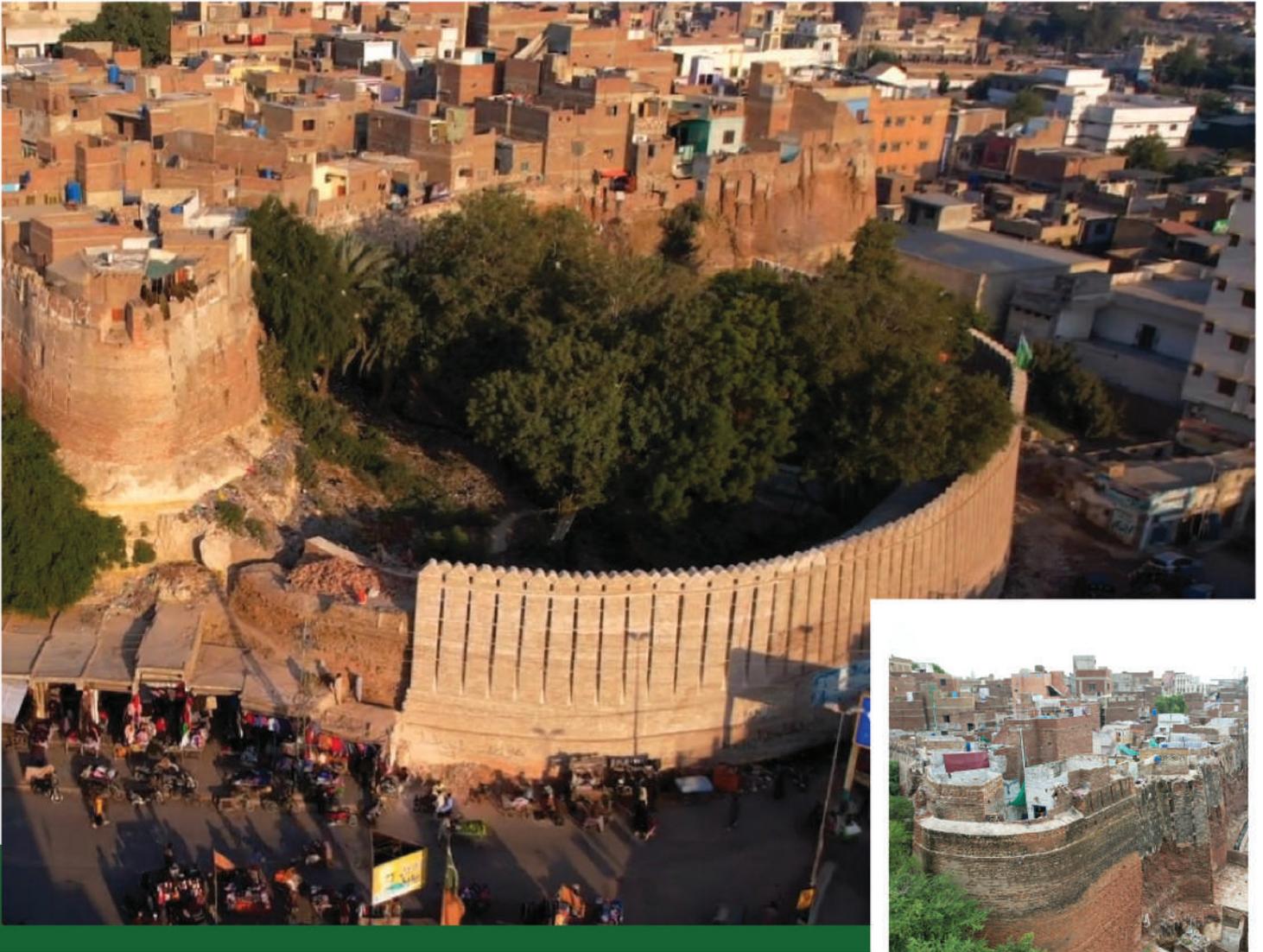


# CIVIL HOSPITAL

The hospital was established during the British rule, in the late 19th or early 20th century, to cater to the medical needs of the local population. It was part of the British administration's effort to improve public health infrastructure in their colonies.

After India gained independence in 1947, the hospital continued to serve the public under the newly formed Indian government. It underwent several changes and expansions to meet the growing healthcare demands of the city.

Today, Hyderabad Civil Hospital continues to operate as a major healthcare provider in the city. It is part of the larger network of government hospitals in Hyderabad, which work together to provide comprehensive healthcare services to the population. The hospital is known for its extensive range of medical services and its role in public health initiatives.



## PAKKA QILA

Pakka Qila, also known as the Strong Fort, is a historic fort located in Hyderabad, Sindh, Pakistan. Its history is closely intertwined with the Talpur Mirs, the ruling dynasty in Sindh during the late 18th and early 19th centuries. Here's a detailed overview of its history.

### **Founded by Mian Ghulam Shah Kalhoro:**

The foundation of Pakka Qila dates back to the mid-18th century, around 1768, when Mian Ghulam Shah Kalhoro of the Kalhoro dynasty shifted his capital from Khudabad to Hyderabad. Ghulam Shah Kalhoro is credited with the construction of Hyderabad city and laid the groundwork for the fortification of the city. However, much of what is referred to as Pakka Qila today was actually built later by the Talpurs.

### **Talpur Era:**

The Talpurs were a Baloch tribal dynasty that succeeded the Kalhoras in ruling Sindh. In the late 18th century, after the Kalhoro rule declined, the Talpur Mirs established themselves in Hyderabad and continued the construction of the fort. It was under Mir Fateh Ali Khan Talpur, the founder of the Talpur dynasty, that Pakka Qila was solidified into a formidable structure. The fort was built primarily of burnt bricks (hence the name "Pakka," meaning "strong" or "solid").



## RAILWAY STATION

The Hyderabad Railway Station was established during the British colonial period, as part of the British efforts to expand the railway network across India. The station has been in operation for over a century, contributing significantly to the development of transportation infrastructure in the region.

The Hyderabad Railway Station stands as a historical and functional landmark in the city. It is a testament to the region's growth and development over the years and continues to play a vital role in connecting Hyderabad with the broader network of Pakistan's railways.



## MUKHI HOUSE

Mukhi House in Hyderabad, Sindh, Pakistan, is a significant historical and architectural landmark. It reflects the rich heritage and historical evolution of Hyderabad, which has long been a prominent city in the Sindh region.

Mukhi House is a key piece of Hyderabad's architectural and cultural heritage. Preservation and awareness efforts are essential in maintaining its historical value. The building provides insight into the city's past and contributes to understanding the broader historical context of Hyderabad and the Sindh region.



# GHULAM SHAH KALHORO

Mian Muhammad Ghulam Shah Kalhoro (1701-1758) was a prominent figure in the history of Sindh, which is now part of Pakistan. He is best known for his role as a ruler and his contributions to the region during his reign.

Ghulam Shah Kalhoro became the ruler of Sindh after the decline of the Mughal Empire's direct control over the region. His reign is noted for attempts to consolidate and strengthen the local administration and to establish a degree of independence from the Mughal Empire.

Mian Muhammad Ghulam Shah Kalhoro is remembered for his role in the history of Sindh as a leader who tried to assert local autonomy during a period of significant political change in the Indian subcontinent. His efforts to stabilize and develop Sindh left a lasting impact on the region.



# BABY HAFSA PARK

Baby Hafza Park (formerly known as Tank Park) is located in Hyderabad, Sindh, Pakistan. It has a significant historical connection to the city and its urban development. Here's a brief history of the park:

## **Original Name - Tank Park:**

The park was originally called "Tank Park" because of its proximity to water storage tanks or reservoirs. During the British colonial period, these tanks were built to supply water to the city of Hyderabad, Sindh. Public parks were often established near such water tanks, providing the community with green spaces for recreation and social interaction.

## **Urban Development:**

As Hyderabad expanded, Baby Hafza Park remained a central green space for the local population. It reflects the city's growth and the importance placed on public amenities that cater to health and recreation. The park's transition from "Tank Park" to "Baby Hafza Park" also symbolizes the blend of colonial history with local culture and heritage.

Today, Baby Hafza Park remains a cherished recreational area for residents, maintaining its historical legacy while serving modern urban needs.



## RANI BAGH

The Rani Bagh ( lit. 'Queen's Garden'), previously known as Das Garden, is a zoological garden located in Hyderabad, Sindh, Pakistan. The garden was re-christened in honour of Queen Victoria. It was established as a botanical garden in 1861 by the then Agro-horticultural Society and later animals were moved in.



# NAVAL RAI HIRANAND HIGH SCHOOL

Navalrai Hiranand Government High School is located in the old city area on Risala Road. It was founded by a Hindu family known as the Sadhu brothers in 1889. The family, well known for their community service, raised funds from the community to build the school. The structure of the school building is shaped like an 'E,' symbolizing education.

Like other properties left by migrating Hindus after the partition in 1947, the school came under the ownership of the Evacuee Trust Property Board. The board later transferred it for educational purposes to the Sindh Education Department. In March 2009, the Sindh Culture Department declared it a heritage building.

Currently, around 600 students from classes six to ten are enrolled in the school, which employs approximately 58 teachers, including over 30 Higher Secondary Teachers (HST) and eight Junior School Teachers (JST), along with physical education, drawing, and workshop instructors.

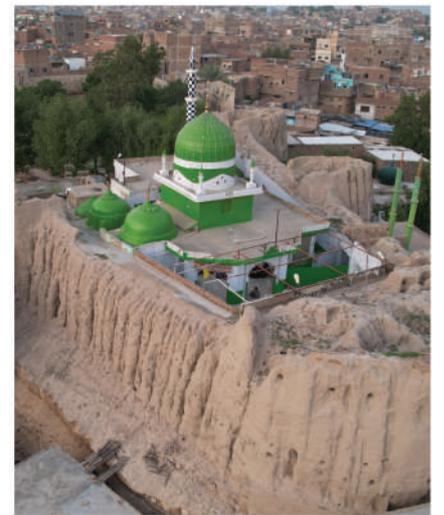


# GOVERNMENT CITY COLLEGE

Government City College was originally founded as Tolaram Girls School by the Baiband Vidya Mandal. It is located at the end of Main Fakir ka Pirr, Hyderabad . The campus is home to several other educational institutions, including Sindh Commerce College, Jinnah Law College, and Government Saith Kamaldin High School, which operate in two shifts.

The college was established through the generous donations of various philanthropists. These donors are honored with memorial stones placed in corridors and halls built in their memory.

In 2018, Government City College achieved a significant milestone by being granted university status by the Sindh government. This elevation recognizes the institution's academic excellence, comprehensive range of programs, and contributions to higher education in Pakistan. As a university, Government City College is now empowered to offer a wider range of undergraduate and graduate degree programs, conduct advanced research, and play a more prominent role in shaping the intellectual landscape of the country.



## KACHA QILA

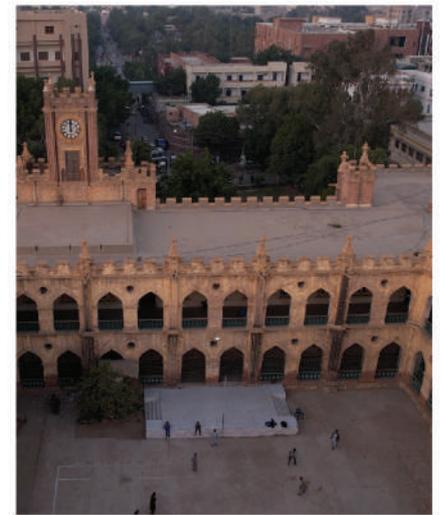
Kacha Qila (Weak Fort) is also called Makki Shah Qila as there is a shrine inside the fort. This fort is small compared to Pakka Qila, and is made of mud. The fort was built by Mian Ghulam Shah Kalhoro using unbaked clay bricks as opposed to fired baked bricks which were used for the construction of Pakka Qila.

Today, most people head to the fort to pay a visit to shrine of Makki Shah built on the hill of the fort.



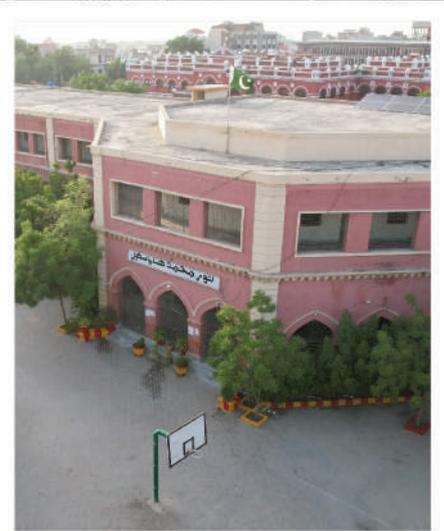
## EID GAH

Eid Gah is famous for its marvelous architecture and beauty. It was established back in 1950's and still a marvel for visitors and on every Eid a huge crowd gather in Jamia masjid located in Eid Gah.



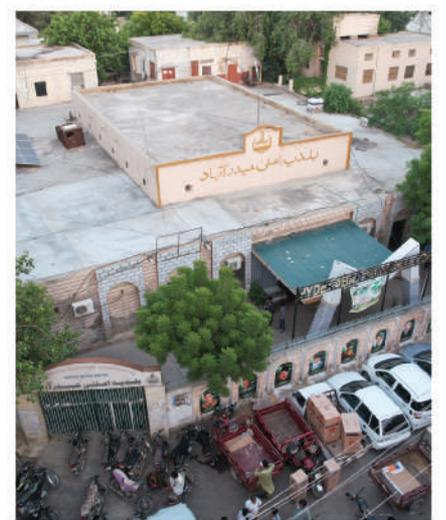
## DR NA BALOCH MODEL SCHOOL OLD CAMPUS

N.A. Baloch Model School is an educational institution located in Hyderabad, Sindh. Established in 1897. The school is named after Dr. Nabi Bux Khan Baloch, a renowned scholar, historian, and educationist who made significant contributions to Sindhi literature and education. The school emphasizes the holistic development of students, offering programs that include sports, arts, and cultural activities alongside core academic subjects. It aims to foster critical thinking, creativity, and leadership skills in students, preparing them for higher education and future careers.



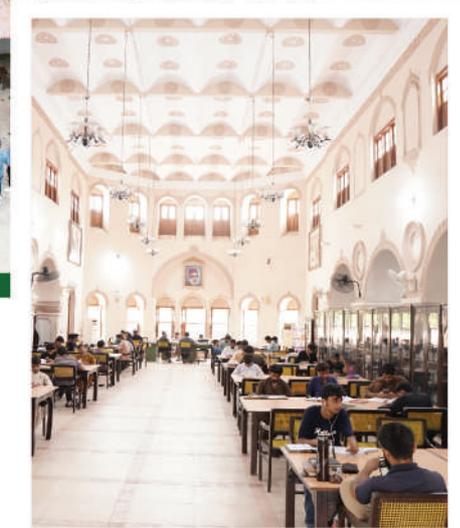
# NOOR MUHAMMAD HIGH SCHOOL

Noor Muhammad High School was founded by Advocate Noor Muhammad Lakhir in 1924. It is one of the oldest and most well-known educational institutions in Hyderabad, Sindh. Noor Muhammad High School continues to be a key part of Hyderabad's educational landscape, with a focus on fostering academic excellence and personal growth among its students.



## HMC MAIN BUILDING

The Hyderabad Municipal Corporation Building is an important landmark in Hyderabad, Sindh, Pakistan. It reflects the majestic masterpiece of pre partition as it was established in 1901. It serves as the administrative headquarters for the city's municipal government, responsible for overseeing local governance, public services, infrastructure, and urban planning. The building itself is an architectural symbol of colonial-era design, constructed during British rule in India. Its architecture reflects a blend of traditional and European styles, featuring arched windows, intricate brickwork, and a spacious layout.



# HASRAT MOHANI LIBRARY

Hasrat Mohani Library, also known as Hasrat Mohani District Central Library, Hyderabad, and formerly known as Holm Stead Free Readers Hall, is a public library located in Hyderabad, Sindh, Pakistan, adjacent to Pacca Qillo. It is the oldest library in the city of Hyderabad.



## KOTRI BARRAGE

The bridge was opened to traffic on May 25, 1900, and was reconstructed in 1931. It spans over five sections, with a total length of 1,948 feet (594 meters). The bridge features a single railway track with roads on either side. In the early 1980s, another railway bridge was constructed alongside the old bridge to accommodate railway traffic, known as the Mehran Railway Bridge. Kotri Bridge is still in use for one-way railway traffic and two-way road traffic.



# GOVERNMENT COLLEGE UNIVERSITY KALI MORI

Government College University, Kali Mori, Hyderabad is one of Pakistan's oldest and prime educational institutions. Its genesis dates back to 1 October 1917, with the title of "Sindh National Arts College Hyderabad".





# JAMSHORO REGULATOR



## SHAMSUL ULEMA DAUDPOTA LIBRARY

the public library was started as housed in NJV High School, Karachi. In 1962, it was brought to Hyderabad and temporarily housed in a Hall of Sindh Muslim College Hyderabad. In 1965, a new building was constructed in its present premises with the name of Sindh Provincial Library Hyderabad.

In July, 1971, when the heirs of Dr. Umer Bin Muhammad Daudpoto donated his books collection, along with the furniture and other accessories of the great scholar of Sindh, to this library, the Government of Sindh was pleased to change its name after Dr. Daudpoto. Hence, the library was named as “Shamsul Ulema Daudpoto Sindh Government Library” by Education Department Sindh. .



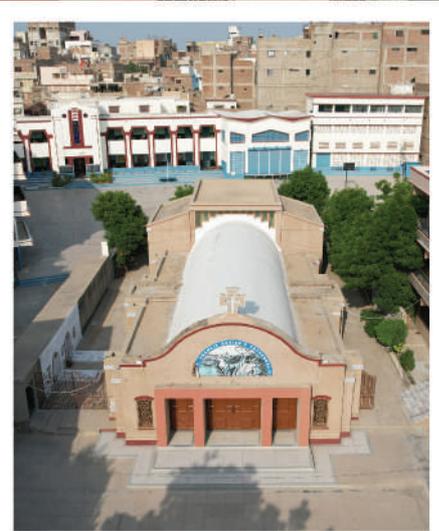
## HIRABAD HISTORIC BUILDINGS VIEW





## 3 CANAL VIEW





# CHURCH

St. Francis Xavier Cathedral, Hyderabad, Pakistan is the cathedral church of the Roman Catholic Diocese of Hyderabad.



**TRAVEL THE  
HYDERABAD  
WITHOUT WORRIES**